



RETURN TO PLAY GUIDELINES (FAQS): PHASE 3

(VERSION AS OF JUNE 11, 2020)

What insurance coverage is provided?

NJYS membership (includes clubs, coaches, and players) are provided General Liability and Excess Accident Medical coverage while conducting sanctioned and approved NJYS activities. (e.g. practices, training, scrimmages, clinics, tryouts, games, and tournaments). The current NJYS policy does not have a Communicable Disease exclusion. Any liability coverage determination regarding coverage for COVID-19 liability claims can only be made once facts regarding any alleged occurrence are presented to the insurer. The NJYS Excess Accident Medical policy does not provide coverage for sickness or disease unless the proximate cause of the illness emanated from a covered accidental injury.

What are the differences between the state/local guidelines & NJYS guidelines?

At a minimum, the NJYS insurer has advised us that the state association and its member organizations need to adhere to state/local guidelines on resumption of sporting activities. Following these guidelines & directives will position us to operate in a reasonable and prudent manner from a risk management standpoint. NJYS can decide to be more restrictive than the state of New Jersey with respect to return to play but may not be less restrictive. It will be a priority to document the positive actions taken (e.g. at the state, league and club level) to demonstrate that reasonable and prudent steps were undertaken and completed to keep players, staff, and spectators as safe from infection as possible.

How does NJYS determine when a phase should be implemented?

NJYS monitors guidance from public health officials and the Governor's Office of New Jersey in determining how and when to implement various phases.

What will be the communication process to member clubs when NJYS enters a new phase?

NJYS will update and advise member clubs through weekly webinars, email communications, and our website.

What advice is given about protective masks (coverings)?

The NJYS insurer has communicated that it sees no significant increase in liability exposure to the state association should a player decide to wear a cloth, surgical, or similar face covering as currently recommended by the CDC or local health department while playing soccer assuming the material is soft and does not inhibit his/her breathing. The NJYS insurer's position is to allow but not mandate players wear one unless the local health department mandates face coverings. Again, unless otherwise mandated by the local and state health departments, this decision can be left to the parent's discretion.

Are member clubs permitted to administer temperature checks for participants?

NJYS recommends that parents monitor and check temperatures prior to sending children to any team event. Clubs may establish protocol beyond that.



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Are clubs responsible for providing PPE's and disinfectant equipment?

Each club may choose to have requirements above the minimum guidelines set forth by NJYS.

What should we do with a player who does not attend practice with PPE, disinfectant?

Players should not be allowed to participate, and the parent should be contacted immediately.

Are there disinfectant and cleaning requirements or minimums?

NJYS recommends referring to the [CDC](#) guidelines on cleaning and disinfecting public spaces.

Are there contact tracing requirements or recommendations for clubs?

NJYS recommends maintaining an attendance list for each training session.

Can teams and players covered under NJYS participate in "out of state" events?

According to the CDC, traveling outside of the local community may increase exposure to COVID-19, or unknowingly spreading it to others. At this time, out of state activities are not recommended.

What are the recommended field sizes for appropriate physical distancing of players and coaches?

NJYS recommends allocating a 10x10 yard area (or larger) per player for training. Coaches on site should also adhere to physical distancing (at least 6 ft).

What are the requirements or recommendations for the player equipment area?

NJYS recommends maintaining at least 6 feet physical distance between each player equipment area.

What is the recommended procedure for attending to an injured player?

Remain calm. Stop the activity (training or game). Send players to their designated bag area and call their parents for pick up. Check the scene to make sure it is safe for you and the injured player. Coaches are advised to maintain 6' physical distancing guidelines while questioning the player about their injury. If that is not possible, the coach and anyone attending to the injured player should follow universal precautions and wear personal protective equipment (mask and gloves) before attending to the injured player. Check for bleeding-treat for shock; if you suspect a head or neck injury, do not move the individual call 9-1-1 and the players parents. Follow your emergency action plan.

Do we limit drill time on contact drills?

During Phase 3, there is no player contact such as in games or activities where players come within the physical distancing requirements. Conducting drills in which players can share a ball is permitted.



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Are throw-ins and heading allowed in Phase 3?

There are no games or scrimmages in phase 3 so throw-ins should not be part of the lesson plans. In Phase 3, a ball should not be tossed to any player (by the hands) to play the ball for heading or any other technique. Heading is not allowed during Phase 3 or when served by the feet. At this time, we focused on addressing phase 3 questions. In the near future, we will address phase 4 questions.

How will social distancing and hand sanitizing affect goalkeeper and goalkeeper trainers during trainings and games?

During Phase 3 team training, the goalkeeper should train as a field player and not handle anyone else's ball. In the event of goalkeeper specific technical training, goalkeeper coach should bring his/her own soccer balls; assign one soccer ball per goalkeeper being trained and the balls should not be shared. Goalkeeper gloves should be disinfected and all equipment (e.g. balls, cones, goalkeeper gloves) should be disinfected prior to the start of the session.

How should clubs address "higher risk" participants?

Remind parents to keep their participants at home if they are sick. Consider physical distancing strategies for those high at risk, such as modifying the sessions of those likely to be in very close contact, increasing space players, etc. A Club may need to adjust to meet unique needs of its participants and environmental conditions. Implementation should be guided by what is practical, acceptable, and tailored to the needs of each community while maintaining confidentiality in accordance with the [Americans with Disabilities Act \(ADA\)](#) and other applicable laws and regulations.

When can tryouts occur?

NJYS recommends conducting tryouts during phase 4 or later, as ensure clubs to continue to adhere to existing guidelines and protocols. To be clear, NJYS does not currently have a policy regarding tryouts.